

SAFETY DATA SHEET
R217 SILICONE SPRAY



1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

PRODUCT NAME **R217 SILICONE SPRAY**

SUPPLIER Tygris
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2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Extremely flammable. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Irritating to skin. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

CLASSIFICATION Xi;R38. F+;R12. N;R51/53. R67.

3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Name	EC No.	CAS-No.	Content	Classification
BUTANE	203-448-7	106-97-8	10-30%	F+;R12
ISOBUTANE	200-857-2	75-28-5	5-10%	F+;R12
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) , HYDROTREATED LIGHT	265-151-9	64742-49-0	30-60%	Xn;R65. Xi;R38. F;R11. N;R51/53. R67.
PROPANE	200-827-9	74-98-6	10-30%	F+;R12

The Full Text for all R-Phrases are Displayed in Section 16

4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

GENERAL INFORMATION

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

INHALATION

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

INGESTION

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and give large amounts of milk or water to people not unconscious. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

SKIN CONTACT

Wash the skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

EYE CONTACT

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Aerosol cans may explode in a fire.

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL CLEAN UP METHODS

Wear necessary protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Let evaporate. Keep out of confined spaces because of explosion risk. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area.

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7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

USAGE PRECAUTIONS

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Name	Std	TWA - 8 hrs		STEL - 15 min		Notes
BUTANE	WEL	600 ppm	1450 mg/m3	750 ppm	1810 mg/m3	
ISOBUTANE	WEL	800 ppm		800 ppm		
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) , HYDROTREATED LIGHT			1200 mg/m3			
PROPANE		Asphyxiating	Asphyxiating	Asphyxiating	Asphyxiating	

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

INGREDIENT COMMENTS

OES = Occupational Exposure Standard. MEL = Maximum Exposure Limit.

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT



ENGINEERING MEASURES

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

RESPIRATORY EQUIPMENT

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the Recommended Workplace Exposure Limit. Use chemical cartridge protection with appropriate cartridge.

HAND PROTECTION

Use protective gloves.

EYE PROTECTION

Use approved safety goggles or face shield.

OTHER PROTECTION

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.

HYGIENE MEASURES

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE	Aerosol		
COLOUR	Typical		
ODOUR	Characteristic		
FLAMMABILITY LIMIT - LOWER(%)	0.8	FLAMMABILITY LIMIT - UPPER(%)	9.0

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY

Stable under normal temperature conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with: Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

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R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

SAFETY PHRASES

S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
S23 Do not breathe vapour/spray.
S24 Avoid contact with skin.
S60 This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
S2 Keep out of the reach of children
S51 Use only in well-ventilated areas.

UK REGULATORY REFERENCES

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002.

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002.

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002.

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002.

APPROVED CODE OF PRACTICE

Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply.

GUIDANCE NOTES

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37.

CHIP for everyone HSG(108).

16 OTHER INFORMATION

REVISION DATE 27/02/2008

REV. NO./REPL. SDS GENERATED 3

RISK PHRASES IN FULL

R11 Highly flammable.
R12 Extremely flammable.
R38 Irritating to skin.
R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.