

Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Issue date: 19/02/2015 Revision date: 26/06/2024 Supersedes version of: 22/04/2024 Version: 3.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

: AIR FRESHENER REFILL - TRUE ROMANCE Product name

UFI : SC6N-DFUD-S1KV-QQXU

Product code : AF234 Type of product : Aerosol Vaporizer Aerosol Product group : End Product

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Intended for general public

Main use category : Consumer use

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Supplier UK

R P R Keeling Limited T/A Keelings Group

38 Main Street K67 E0A2 Swords, Dublin

Ireland

T +353 (0)1 96 97 657

info@airpure.com

Airpure International Limited T/A Keelings Group

Airpure House Parsons Lane, Bury. BL9 0JT Lancashire

UK

T UK FREEPHONE 0800 005 1010 info@airpure.com, www.airpure.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Country/Area	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
Ireland	National Poisons Information Centre Beaumont Hospital	PO Box 1297 Beaumont Road 9 Dublin	+353 1 809 2566 (Healthcare professionals- 24/7) +353 1 809 2166 (public, 8am - 10pm, 7/7)	
Malta	Medicines & Poisons Info Office	Mater Dei Hospital Msida MSD 2090 Msida	+356 2545 6508	
United Kingdom	NHS 111/NHS 24/NHS Direct		111 0845 4647	or call a doctor

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Aerosol, Category 1 H222;H229

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Pressurised container: May burst if heated. Extremely flammable aerosol.

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2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)

GHS02

Signal word (CLP) : Danger

Hazard statements (CLP) : H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 - Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Precautionary statements (CLP) : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 122 °F, 50

°C.

Child-resistant fastening : Not applicable Tactile warning : Not applicable

2.3. Other hazards

Contains no PBT and/or vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

Component		
Substance(s) not meeting the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Benzyl acetate (140-11-4)(1), Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)(1), Ethanol (64-17-5), Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1), Propane (74-98-6), Triethanolamine (102-71-6), Isobutane (75-28-5)	
Substance(s) not meeting the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Benzyl acetate (140-11-4)(1), Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)(1), Ethanol (64-17-5), Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1), Propane (74-98-6), Triethanolamine (102-71-6), Isobutane (75-28-5)	

⁽¹⁾ Substance(s) in concentration below 0.1 % and displayed on a voluntary basis

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Ethanol substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (BE, FR, GB, HU, NL)	CAS-No.: 64-17-5 EC-No.: 200-578-6 EC Index-No.: 603-002-00-5 REACH-no: 01-2119457610-	20 – 50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
Butane substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (GB, HU)	CAS-No.: 106-97-8 EC-No.: 203-448-7 EC Index-No.: 601-004-00-0	20 – 50	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas
Propane substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (BE)	CAS-No.: 74-98-6 EC-No.: 200-827-9 EC Index-No.: 601-003-00-5	10 – 20	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas

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Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Isobutane substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (BE)	CAS-No.: 75-28-5 EC-No.: 200-857-2 EC Index-No.: 601-004-00-0	10 – 20	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas
Dimethyl ether substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (GB)	CAS-No.: 115-10-6 EC-No.: 204-065-8 EC Index-No.: 603-019-00-8	5 – 10	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas
Sodium Benzoate substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (BE, FR, GB)	CAS-No.: 532-32-1 EC-No.: 208-534-8 REACH-no: 01-2119460683- 35	< 1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Triethanolamine substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (BE, NL)	CAS-No.: 102-71-6 EC-No.: 203-049-8 REACH-no: 01-2119486482- 31	< 1	Not classified
Benzyl acetate substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (BE)	CAS-No.: 140-11-4 EC-No.: 205-399-7	< 1	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Sweet Orange Oil substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (BE)	CAS-No.: 8008-57-9 EC-No.: 600-006-9	< 1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
Benzaldehyde substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	CAS-No.: 100-52-7 EC-No.: 202-860-4 EC Index-No.: 605-012-00-5 REACH-no: 01-2119455540-	<1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302

Product subject to CLP Article 1.1.3.7. The disclosure rules of the components is modified in this case.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin with plenty of water.
First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes with water as a precaution.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Explosion hazard : Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

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Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained

breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information

refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Mechanically recover the product.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Wear personal protective equipment. Keep

away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after

use.

Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the

product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F. Store in a

well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Incompatible materials : Direct sunlight. Heat sources. Sources of ignition.

Switzerland

Storage class (LK) : LK 2 - Liquefied or pressurized gases

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

National occupational exposure and biological limit values

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Sweet Orange Oil (8008-57-9)		
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	10 mg/m³	
Benzyl acetate (140-11-4)		
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	62 mg/m³	
	10 ppm	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 ppm	
Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)		
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
IOEL TWA	8.7 mg/m³	
IOEL STEL	17.4 mg/m³	
Ethanol (64-17-5)		
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	1907 mg/m³	
	1000 ppm	
France - Occupational Exposure Limits		
VME (OEL TWA)	1900 mg/m³	
	1000 ppm	
VLE (OEL C/STEL)	9500 mg/m³	
	5000 ppm	
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits		
AK (OEL TWA)	1900 mg/m³	
CK (OEL STEL)	3800 mg/m³	
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits		
TGG-8u (OEL TWA)	260 mg/m³	
	136 ppm	
TGG-15min (OEL STEL)	1900 mg/m³	
	992 ppm	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Ethanol	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	1920 mg/m³	
	1000 ppm	
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL STEL	1000 ppm	

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Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1)		
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	3 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³	
France - Occupational Exposure Limits		
VME (OEL TWA)	7 mg/m³ 3.5 mg/m³ (La valeur limite concerne la fraction alvéolaire) 4 mg/m³ 0.9 mg/m³ (La valeur limite concerne la fraction alvéolaire)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	10 mg/m³ 4 mg/m³	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	2.5 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction)	
Propane (74-98-6)		
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	1000 ppm	
Butane (106-97-8)		
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits		
AK (OEL TWA)	2350 mg/m³	
CK (OEL STEL)	9400 mg/m³	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Butane	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	1450 mg/m³	
	600 ppm	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	1810 mg/m³	
	750 ppm	
Remark	Carc (Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage. See paragraphs 49–51), (only applies if Butane contains more than 0.1% of buta-1,3-diene)	
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE	
Triethanolamine (102-71-6)		
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	5 mg/m ³	
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits		
TGG-8u (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³	
TGG-15min (OEL STEL)	0 mg/m³	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³	
Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)		
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Dimethyl ether	

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Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	766 mg/m³
	400 ppm
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	958 mg/m³
	500 ppm
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE
Isobutane (75-28-5)	
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL STEL	2370 mg/m³
	980 ppm
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL STEL	1000 ppm

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):







Eye and face protection

Eye protection:

Safety glasses

Skin protection

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Hand protection:

Protective gloves

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas
Colour : Colourless.
Appearance : Gas.
Odour : Floral.
Odour threshold : Not available
Melting point : Not applicable

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Freezing point : -11.5 °C
Boiling point : <100 °C

Flammability : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Explosive properties : Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Lower explosion limit: Not availableUpper explosion limit: Not availableFlash point: Not applicableAuto-ignition temperature: 350 °CDecomposition temperature: Not available

pH : 6.5

Viscosity, kinematic Not applicable Solubility Soluble in water. Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Not available Not available Vapour pressure : Not available Vapour pressure at 50°C Density : Not applicable Relative density : < 1 (water=1) Relative vapour density at 20°C : Not available Particle characteristics : Not applicable

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosion limits : 3.3 - 19 vol % % of flammable ingredients : 94.399704 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

10.2. Chemical stability

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Heating may cause a fire or explosion.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Lack of data)
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Lack of data)
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Lack of data)

Benzyl acetate (140-11-4)

ATE CLP (oral) 2490 mg/kg bodyweight

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TE CLP (vapours)	292 mg/kg bodyweight
	mg/l/4h
TE CLP (dust,mist)	mg/l/4h
Ethanol (64-17-5)	
TE CLP (oral)	0470 mg/kg bodyweight
TE CLP (dermal) 15	5800 mg/kg bodyweight
Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1)	
TE CLP (oral)	100 mg/kg bodyweight
TE CLP (dermal)	000 mg/kg bodyweight
TE CLP (dust,mist) 50	000 mg/m³
riethanolamine (102-71-6)	
ATE CLP (oral) 64	400 mg/kg bodyweight
	ot classified (Lack of data) H: 6.5
erious eye damage/irritation : No	ot classified (Lack of data) H: 6.5
•	ot classified (Lack of data)
	ot classified (Lack of data)
spiration hazard : No	ot applicable
AIR FRESHENER REFILL - TRUE ROMANCE	
<u> </u>	erosol
Benzyl acetate (140-11-4)	
/iscosity, kinematic 4	.265 mm²/s
Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	
/iscosity, kinematic 1.:	.258 mm²/s
Ethanol (64-17-5)	
/iscosity, kinematic 1.s	.527 mm²/s
Propane (74-98-6)	
/iscosity, kinematic No	lo data available in the literature
riethanolamine (102-71-6)	
/iscosity, kinematic 83	30.2 mm²/s (20 °C, Equivalent or similar to OECD 114)
sobutane (75-28-5)	
/iscosity, kinematic No	lo data available in the literature

11.2. Information on other hazards

No additional information available

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse

effects in the environment.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term

(acute)

: Not classified

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term

: Not classified

(chronic)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

AIR FRESHENER REFILL - TRUE ROMANCE		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
Sweet Orange Oil (8008-57-9)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
Benzyl acetate (140-11-4)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.	
Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil, Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.62 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.98 g O₂/g substance	
ThOD	2.42 g O ₂ /g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.67	
Ethanol (64-17-5)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil, Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.8 – 0.967 g O ₂ /g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.7 g O ₂ /g substance	
ThOD	2.1 g O ₂ /g substance	
Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.	
Propane (74-98-6)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.	
Butane (106-97-8)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
Triethanolamine (102-71-6)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil, No inhibition of nitrification, Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.02 g O ₂ /g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.5 g O ₂ /g substance	
ThOD	2.04 g O ₂ /g substance	
Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	

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Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable in water. 12.3. Bloaccumulative potential Sweet Orange Oil (8008-57-9) Bioaccumulative potential No test data of component(s) available. Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) BECF-Fish [1] 8 (Pisces, Flow-through system, Calculated value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.59 (Experimental value, 25°C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Benzaldehyde (100-52-7) BCF- Other aquatic organisms [1] 4.2 – 7.8 (Literature study, Estimated value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.48 Ethanol (64-17-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 0.3.2 Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative. Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.88 (Read-across) Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative. Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20°C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20°C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Propane (74-98-6) BCF - Fish [1] 0.4 – 3.9 lkg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 8 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.93 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20°C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 1.9 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Pass Methedo, 25°C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 2.4 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sweeps Studge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, CBP) 2.4 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sweeps Studge using High Performance Liquid Ch	Isobutane (75-28-5)	
Sweet Orange Oil (8008-57-9) Bioaccumulative potential No test data of component(s) available. Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) BCF - Fish [1] 8 (Pisces, Flow-through system, Calculated value) Partition coefficient ri-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.96 (Experimental Value, 25° °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Benzaldehyde (100-52-7) BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1] 4.2 – 7.8 (Literature study, Estimated value) Partition coefficient ri-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.48 Ethanol (64-17-5) Partition coefficient ri-octanol/water (Log Pow) 2.32 Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative. Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1) Partition coefficient ri-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.88 (Read-across) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient ri-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20° °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Propane (74-98-6) BCF - Fish [1] 0.4 – 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) 1.3 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (ri-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25° °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Triethanolation (CFC < 500). Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 1.3 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (ri-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25° °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Dragnic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Low potential for adsorption in soil.	Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Bioaccumulative potential Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) BCF - Fish [1] B (Pisces, Flow-through system, Calculated value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.96 (Experimental value, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Benzaldehyde (100-52-7) BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1] Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.48 Ethanol (64-17-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.48 Ethanol (64-17-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.48 Sodium Benzade (532-32-1) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.88 (Read-across) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 - 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Triethanolamine (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] 0.4 - 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) -1.9 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bloaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 - 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bloaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 - 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bloaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 2.4 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Studge using high Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil.	12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) BCF - Fish [1] 8 (Pisces, Flow-through system, Calculated value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1] Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1] Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative. Sodium Benzoate (532-32-41) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) I.88 (Read-across) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Triethanolamine (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] O.4 - 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Erseh water, Erseprimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) -1.9 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107; Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water); Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bloaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Bloaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 2.4 (log Koc, OECD 121; Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Studge using high Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil.	Sweet Orange Oil (8008-57-9)	
BCF - Fish [1] 8 (Pisces, Flow-through system, Csiculated value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.96 (Experimental value, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Benzaldehyde (100-52-7) BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1] 4.2 – 7.8 (Literature study, Estimated value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.48 Ethanol (64-17-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 0-0.32 Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative. Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.88 (Read-across) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Triethanolamine (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] 0.4 – 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.99 – 2.8 (Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 5.19 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for adsorption in soil.	Bioaccumulative potential	No test data of component(s) available.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Benzaldehyde (100-52-7) BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1] 4.2 – 7.8 (Literature study, Estimated value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.48 Ethanol (64-17-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative. Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.88 (Read-across) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Triethanolamine (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] 0.4 – 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fiesh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Studge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil.	Benzyl acetate (140-11-4)	
Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Benzaldehyde (100-52-7) BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1] 4.2 – 7.8 (Literature study, Estimated value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.48 Ethanol (64-17-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 4.32 Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative. Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.88 (Read-across) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential In the propane (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] 0.4 – 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value) 1.3 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sevage Studge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil.	BCF - Fish [1]	8 (Pisces, Flow-through system, Calculated value)
Benzaldehyde (100-52-7) BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.96 (Experimental value, 25 °C)
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1] 4.2 – 7.8 (Literature study, Estimated value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.48 Ethanol (64-17-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) -0.32 Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative. Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.88 (Read-across) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential ro bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Triethanolamine (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] 0.4 – 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) -1.9 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzal acctate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Coefficient (Noc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil.	Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	
Ethanol (64-17-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	4.2 – 7.8 (Literature study, Estimated value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Priethanolamine (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] O.4 - 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 - 2.8 (Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 - 2.8 (Experimental value) Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 - 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 - 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil.	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.48
Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative. Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.88 (Read-across) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Triethanolamine (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] 0.4 – 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.9 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	Ethanol (64-17-5)	
Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Triethanolamine (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] 0.4 - 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500), Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 - 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Noc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil.	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.32
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Priethanolamine (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] D.4 - 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) -1.9 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 - 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.
Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Triethanolamine (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] 0.4 - 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) -1.9 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 - 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1)	
Propane (74-98-6) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Triethanolamine (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] 0.4 – 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) -1.9 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) Seude Sudge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.88 (Read-across)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Triethanolamine (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] 0.4 – 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) -1.9 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Triethanolamine (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] 0.4 - 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) -1.9 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 - 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	Propane (74-98-6)	
Triethanolamine (102-71-6) BCF - Fish [1] D.4 - 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flowthrough system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) -1.9 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 - 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) 2.4 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C)
BCF - Fish [1] 0.4 – 3.9 l/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) -1.9 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
through system, Fresh water, Experimental value) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) -1.9 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) 2.4 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil.	Triethanolamine (102-71-6)	
Shake Flask Method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) 2.4 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	BCF - Fish [1]	
Isobutane (75-28-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) Ecology - soil Description Coefficient (Log Koc) Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	, ,
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) 2.4 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). 12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) 2.4 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	Isobutane (75-28-5)	
12.4. Mobility in soil Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.09 – 2.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C)
Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) 2.4 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) 2.4 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	12.4. Mobility in soil	
(Log Koc) Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP) Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil. Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	Benzyl acetate (140-11-4)	
Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental
	Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.
Surface tension 70.5 mN/m (20 °C. 1 a/l. OECD 115: Surface Tension of Aqueous Solutions)	Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	
3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3	Surface tension	70.5 mN/m (20 °C, 1 g/l, OECD 115: Surface Tension of Aqueous Solutions)

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Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)		
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.75 (log Koc)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
Ethanol (64-17-5)		
Surface tension	22.31 mN/m (20 °C, 100 %)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.2 (log Koc, Experimental value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1)		
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.219 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
Propane (74-98-6)		
Surface tension	No data available in the literature	
Ecology - soil	Not applicable (gas).	
Triethanolamine (102-71-6)		
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.06 – 1.27 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v1.66, Calculated value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
Isobutane (75-28-5)		
Surface tension	No data available in the literature	
Ecology - soil	Not applicable (gas).	

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Component		
Substance(s) not meeting the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Benzyl acetate (140-11-4)(1), Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)(1), Ethanol (64-17-5), Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1), Propane (74-98-6), Triethanolamine (102-71-6), Isobutane (75-28-5)	
Substance(s) not meeting the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Benzyl acetate (140-11-4)(1), Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)(1), Ethanol (64-17-5), Sodium Benzoate (532-32-1), Propane (74-98-6), Triethanolamine (102-71-6), Isobutane (75-28-5)	

⁽¹⁾ Substance(s) in concentration below 0.1 % and displayed on a voluntary basis

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

12.7. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number or ID r	number			
UN 1950	UN 1950	UN 1950	UN 1950	UN 1950
14.2. UN proper shippin	g name			
AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS
Transport document descr	iption			
UN 1950 AEROSOLS, 2.1, (D)	UN 1950 AEROSOLS, 2.1	UN 1950 Aerosols, flammable, 2.1	UN 1950 AEROSOLS, 2.1	UN 1950 AEROSOLS, 2
14.3. Transport hazard	class(es)			
2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
2	2	2	2	2
14.4. Packing group				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental haz	zards			
Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No Marine pollutant: No EmS-No. (Fire): F-D EmS-No. (Spillage): S-U	Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport

Classification code (ADR) : 5F

Special provisions (ADR) : 190, 327, 344, 625

Limited quantities (ADR) : 11

Excepted quantities (ADR) : E0

Packing instructions (ADR) : P207, LP02

Special packing provisions (ADR) : PP87, RR6, L2

Mixed packing provisions (ADR) : MP9

Transport category (ADR) : MP9

Special provisions for carriage - Packages (ADR) : V14

Special provisions for carriage - Loading, unloading : CV9, CV12

and handling (ADR)

Special provisions for carriage - Operation (ADR) : S2
Tunnel restriction code (ADR) : D

Transport by sea

Special provisions (IMDG) : 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 959

Limited quantities (IMDG) : SP277

Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E0

Packing instructions (IMDG) : P207, LP02

Special packing provisions (IMDG) : PP87, L2

Stowage category (IMDG) : None

Stowage and handling (IMDG) : SW1, SW22

Segregation (IMDG) : SG69

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Air transport

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E0
PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y203
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 30kgG
PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 203
PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 75kg
CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 203
CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 150kg

Special provisions (IATA) : A145, A167, A802

ERG code (IATA) : 10L

Inland waterway transport

Classification code (ADN) : 5F

Special provisions (ADN) : 190, 327, 344, 625

Limited quantities (ADN) : 1 L

Excepted quantities (ADN) : E0

Equipment required (ADN) : PP, EX, A

Ventilation (ADN) : VE01, VE04

Number of blue cones/lights (ADN) : 1

Rail transport

Classification code (RID) : 5F

Special provisions (RID) : 190, 327, 344, 625

Limited quantities (RID) : 1L

Excepted quantities (RID) : E0

Packing instructions (RID) : P207, LP02

Special packing provisions (RID) : PP87, RR6, L2

Mixed packing provisions (RID) : MP9

Mixed packing provisions (RID) : MP9

Transport category (RID) : 2

Special provisions for carriage – Packages (RID) : W14

Special provisions for carriage - Loading, unloading : CW9, CW12

and handling (RID)

Colis express (express parcels) (RID) : CE2 Hazard identification number (RID) : 23

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU-Regulations

REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XVII (Restriction Conditions)

REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the REACH Candidate List

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

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Dual-Use Regulation (428/2009)

Contains substance(s) listed on the COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 428/2009 of 5 May 2009 setting up a Community regime for the control of exports, transfer, brokering and transit of dual-use items: Triethanolamine (102-71-6)

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

National regulations

France

Occupational diseases		
Code	Description	
RG 49	Skin disorders caused by aliphatic, alicyclic amines or ethanolamines	
RG 49 BIS	Respiratory disorders caused by aliphatic amines, ethanolamines or isophoronediamine	
RG 84	Conditions caused by liquid organic solvents for professional use: saturated or unsaturated aliphatic or cyclic liquid hydrocarbons and mixtures thereof; liquid halogenated hydrocarbons; nitrated derivatives of aliphatic hydrocarbons; alcohols; glycols, glycol ethers; ketones; aldehydes; aliphatic and cyclic ethers, including tetrahydrofuran; esters; dimethylformamide and dimethylacetamine; acetonitrile and propionitrile; pyridine; dimethylsulfone and dimethylsulfoxide	

Germany

Water hazard class (WGK) : WGK 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1).

Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV) : Is not subject to the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)

Netherlands

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : Ethanol is listed

SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : None of the components are listed

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Borstvoeding : Ethanol is listed SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – : Ethanol is listed

Vruchtbaarheid

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Ontwikkeling : Ethanol is listed

Denmark

Danish National Regulations : Young people below the age of 18 years are not allowed to use the product

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Poland

Polish National Regulations

: Act of 25 February 2011 on chemical substances and their mixtures (J. o L. No. 63, item 322 as amended; consolidated text J. o L. 2019, item 1225).

Act of 14 December 2012 on waste (J. o L. 2013, item 322 as amended; consolidated text J. o L. 2020. item 797).

The announcement of Marshal of the Sejm of the Republic of Poland dated 19 October 2016 concerning the consolidated text announcement of the decree on the management of packaging and packaging waste (J. o L. 2016, item 1863 as amended).

Decree of the Minister of Environment of 14 December 2014 on the catalogue of waste (J. o L. 2014, item 1923).

Act of 19 August 2011 on the Carriage of Dangerous Goods (J. o L. 2011 No. 227, item 1367 as amended; consolidated text J. o L. 2020, item 154).

The ADR Agreement - Annex to the J. o L. of 26 April 2019 Government Statement of 18 February 2019 on the entry into force of the amendments to Annex A and B to the European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR), signed in Geneva on 30 September 1957 (J. o L. 2019, item 769)

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labour and Social Policy of 12 June 2018 on the highest permissible concentration and intensity of noxious agents for health at work environment (J. o L. item 1286 as amended).

The announcement of Minister of Health dated 9 September 2016 concerning the consolidated text announcement of the decree of the Minister of Health of 30 December 2004 on health and safety at work related to exposure to chemical agents at work (J. o L. of 16 September 2016, item 1488)

Regulation of the Minister of Health of 2 February 2011 on tests and measurements of the noxious agents for health at work environment (J. o L. No. 33, item 166 as amended). Regulation of the Minister of Environment of 9 December 2003 on particularly hazardous substances to the environment (J. o L. No. 217, item 2141).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms:		
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways	
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road	
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
BLV	Biological limit value	
BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	
COD	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level	
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level	
EC-No.	European Community number	
EC50	Median effective concentration	
EN	European Standard	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	
LC50	Median lethal concentration	

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Abbreviations and acronyms:		
LD50	Median lethal dose	
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration	
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration	
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit	
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail	
SDS	Safety Data Sheet	
STP	Sewage treatment plant	
ThOD	Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD)	
TLM	Median Tolerance Limit	
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds	
CAS-No.	Chemical Abstract Service number	
N.O.S.	Not Otherwise Specified	
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	
ED	Endocrine disruptor	

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:		
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 3	
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2	
Flam. Gas 1A	Flammable gases, Category 1A	
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3	
H220	Extremely flammable gas.	
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Press. Gas	Gases under pressure	

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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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